# Knocknagor PS



# **Anti-Bullying Policy**

Signature of Chair of BOG: Full Plus world

Signature of School Principal: <u>Cara Donnelly</u>

Date: February 2022

Review date: February 2025



# Knocknagor Primary School Anti-Bullying Policy



#### Section 1 - Introduction and Statement

We the staff of Knocknagor P.S. Primary School accept that we have a significant role to play in the emotional and personal development of our pupils.

We believe that education should promote understanding, respect for all, kindness and friendship.

At Knocknagor P.S. we believe all forms of bullying behaviour are unacceptable. We believe that all pupils have the right to learn in a safe and supported environment.

#### Section 2 - Context

Our school community repudiates bullying behaviour of any kind, to any member of the school community, by any member of the school community.

Our policy is informed and guided by current legislation and DE guidance listed below:

#### The Legislative Context:

- \* The Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (Northern Ireland) 2016
- \* The Education and Libraries Order (Northern Ireland) 2003 (A17-19)
- \* The Education (School Development Plans) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2010
- \* The Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995
- \* The Human Rights Act 1998
- \* The Health and Safety at Work Order (Northern Ireland) 1978

#### The Policy & Guidance Context

- \* The Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 Statutory Guidance for Schools and Boards of Governors (DE, 2019)
- \* Children and Young People's Emotional Health and Well-being in Education Framework2. DE/DOH Feb 2021
- \* Pastoral Care in School: Promoting Positive Behaviour (DE, 2001)
- \* Safeguarding and Child Protection in Schools: A Guide for Schools (DE, 2017)
  - Co-operating to Safeguard Children and Young People in Northern Ireland (Dept. of Health, Social Services and Public Safety, 2016)
  - Safeguarding Board for Northern Ireland Policies and Procedures (SBNI, 2017)

### The International Context

\* United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC)

#### Section 3 - Ethos & Principles

#### At Knocknagor P.S. school;

- \* We are committed to a society where children and young people can live free and safe from bullying.
- We believe that every child and young person should be celebrated in their diversity.
- \* We are committed to a preventative, responsive and restorative anti-bullying ethos across the whole school.
- \* We value the views and contributions of children and young people, we will actively seek these views and we will respect and take them into account.
- \* We understand that everyone in our school community has a role to play in taking a stand against bullying and creating a safe and welcoming environment for all.
- \* The school participates in anti-bullying week activities.
- \* Through consistent implementation of our positive behaviour policy, our school currently sets high standards for behaviour.
- \* Carries out regular checks to ensure that these expectations are being met and identify areas of concern i.e. hot spots.
- \* Active promoting good behaviour and an open and inclusive and a mutually respectful working environment ensuring high levels of pupil participation through promotion of an active school council.
- Works in partnership with parents and carers through a system of open communication. Implements whole school rewards system which consistent acknowledges, affirms and celebrates positive behaviour and achievement.
- Promotes confidence, self-reliance, resilience and effective inter personal skills through effective delivery of the PDMU, RE and preventative curriculum.
- \* Works effectively with appropriate outside agencies to support the welfare of the pupils.
- Works in conjunction with the SEN and Inclusion policy to identify and meet individual needs.
- \* Consults pupils, where possible, in target setting, self-assessment and evaluation of IEPs and action plans.
- Implements a post incident debriefing / mediation process to help pupils to develop restorative attitudes.

## Section 4 - Consultation and Participation

Knocknagor PS has an ethos of participation and self-reflection.

Knocknagor Primary School have used a range of methodologies to consult in preparation with this policy;

- \* Discussions with class.
- Engagement with parent representatives, teachers and Board of Governors.

All feedback will be carefully considered in the final draft of this policy.

#### Section 5 - What is Bullying?

Our school's policy statement which follows below is based on the definition of bullying as laid out in the Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (Northern Ireland) 2016.

#### Definition of "bullying"

- 1.- (1) In this Act "bullying" includes (but is not limited to) the <u>repeated</u> use of—
- (a) any verbal, written or electronic communication,
- (b) any other act, or
- (c) any combination of those, by a pupil or a group of pupils <u>against another pupil or group of pupils</u>, with the <u>intention</u> of causing physical or emotional harm to that pupil or group of pupils.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), "act" includes omission.

In our agreed policy statement, we define bullying behaviour as that which is usually repeated, which is carried out intentionally to cause hurt, harm or to adversely affect the rights and needs of another or others. (Ref NIABF)

We recognise that within schools there is a continuum of socially unacceptable behaviours. These socially unacceptable behaviours infringe on everyone's right to be safe. They include the following examples:

- 1. Physical includes jostling, physical intimidation, punching/kicking, any other physical contact which may include use of weapons.
- 2. Verbal includes name calling, insults, jokes, threats, spreading rumours.
- 3. Indirect includes isolation, refusal to work with/talk to/play with/help others, interfering with personal property and includes cyber-bullying: misuse of mobile phones and internet programmes to humiliate, threaten and/or isolate another.

(This list is not exhaustive).

Socially unacceptable behaviours will be dealt with in line with the school's Positive Behaviour Policy and Procedures taking into account the age and pupil capacity to understand the impact of their behaviour on others.

It is important that members of the school community are able to differentiate between socially unacceptable behaviours and those which do constitute bullying behaviours. Socially unacceptable behaviours may BECOME BULLYING BEHAVIOURS when the information gathered clearly demonstrates that the unacceptable behaviour DOES MEET THE CRITERIA LISTED BELOW i.e. on the basis of the evidence gathered the behaviour is/was:

- Intentional and meant to cause harm.
- Targeted at a specific pupil or group of pupils.
- Repeated (three or more repetitious incidents involving the same target).
- · Causing significant physical or emotional harm.
- · May have included omission.

While bullying is usually repeated behaviour, there may be instances of one-off incidents that the school will consider as bullying. The criteria for this is listed below;

When assessing a one-off incident, to make a decision on whether to classify it as bullying on the basis of the information gathered, we will consider the following criteria:

- \* Severity and significance of the incident.
- \* Evidence of pre-meditation.
- \* Impact of the incident on individuals. (physical/emotional)
- \* Impact of the incidents on wider school community.
- Previous relationships between those involved.
- Any previous incidents involving the individuals.

## On the basis of the evidence gathered if:

- All of the one-off criteria is fully met then the incident will be classified as bullying and action taken under the Anti Bullying Policy.
- Some of the one-off criteria has not been met the incident will be classified as socially unacceptable behaviour and action taken under the Positive Behaviour Policy.
- We recognise that there may be various motivations behind bullying. Understanding what
  may lie behind any bullying behaviour is important if we are to prevent such behaviours
  from occurring. Motivations include, but are not limited to:
  - \* Age
  - \* Appearance
  - Breakdown in peer relationships
  - \* Community background
  - \* Sectarian

- \* Gender identity
- Sexual orientation
- \* Race
- \* Religion
- Disability / SEN

- \* Ability
- \* Looked After Child status
- \* Young Carer status
- \* Other
- \* Unknown

#### Bullying Concern Assessment Form

To enable our record keeping to comply with the Act's requirements the school has chosen to use the Bullying Concern Assessment form (BCAF).

Bullying is an emotive issue, therefore it is essential that we ensure we use supportive, understanding language when discussion these matters. For that reason, we will not refer to a child as 'a bully', nor will we refer to a child as 'a victim'. Instead, we will refer to the child by describing the situation surrounding that child, for example:

- \* A child displaying bullying behaviours.
- A child experiencing bullying behaviours.

We encourage all members of the school community to use this language in discussions and recording of bullying incidents.

#### In determining 'harm' we define:

- \* Emotional or psychological harm as intentionally causing distress or anxiety by scaring, humiliating or affecting adversely a pupil's self-esteem.
- Physical harm as intentionally hurting a pupil by causing injuries such as bruises, broken bones, burns or cuts.

#### Section 6 - Preventative Measures

In line with the 2016 Act our BOG has a statutory duty and role in determining what preventative measures will be used in our school. We keep these measures under review and ensure copies are given to parents through the dissemination of this policy.

Our school aims to promote a culture of respect and a strong anti-bullying ethos within the school and the wider school community.

The focus for all anti-bullying work is on prevention. The school takes steps to actively promote the types of behaviours we want to see among staff and pupils.

In order to prevent bullying and create a safe learning environment we will;

- \* Set high expectations for standards of behaviour throughout the school.
- Promote a culture of kindness, respect, tolerance and compassion.
- Promote and support Inclusion within the school.
- Raise awareness and understanding of the positive behaviour expectations, as set out in the Positive Behaviour Policy.
- Promote anti-bullying messages through the curriculum e.g. inclusion of age-appropriate material specific to individual subject areas related to bullying, positive behaviour and inclusion.

- \* Address issues such as the various forms of bullying, including the how and why it can happen, through PDMU and thematic learning (e.g. sectarian, racist, homophobic, transphobic, disablist, etc.)
- Where possible, involve pupils in in meaningful and supportive shared education projects, supporting pupils to explore, understand and respond to difference and diversity i.e. Generations for Peace Project.
- Through the preventative curriculum: actively promote positive emotional health and wellbeing.
- Participate in the NIABF annual Anti-Bullying Week activities.
- \* Engage in key national and regional campaigns, e.g. Safer Internet Day, Catholic Schools Week, etc.
- \* Maintain and promote peer-led systems (e.g. School Councils) to support the delivery and promotion of key anti-bullying messaging within the school.
- Develop effective strategies for playground management, e.g. training for supervisors, zoning of playgrounds, inclusion of specific resources and provision of a variety of play option to meet the needs of all pupils.
- \* Focus assemblies to raise awareness and promote understanding of key issues related to bullying.
- Develop effective strategies for the management of unstructured times (e.g. wet break time, wet lunch routines).
- Provide and promote of extra- and co-curricular activities, aimed at supporting the development of effective peer support relationships and networks. For example: sporting activities, creative arts, leisure and games, etc.

These measures relate to the prevention of bullying on the premises during the school day, while children are in the lawful control or charge of a member of staff of the school, are receiving educational provision provided somewhere else other than the school or are travelling to or from school during the school term.

In order to prevent bullying behaviour on the way to and from school we will;

- \* Talk to parents and children about expected behaviours to and from school either by bus, taxi or walking.
- Promote and maintain a culture where pupils take pride in their school and are viewed as ambassadors for their school within the community. This includes regular reminders of the positive behaviour expectations of pupils whilst travelling to and from school.
- \* Empower pupils to challenge inappropriate and unacceptable behaviour of their peers during the journey to and from school. This may include the implementation of peer monitoring systems on buses and for those walking.
- Regularly engage with transport providers (e.g. Translink, EA Transport, etc.) to ensure effective communication and the early identification of any concerns.

- \* Promote key anti-bullying messages and awareness of behaviour expectations among pupils when in the local community (e.g. local shops, cafes, service providers, residents, etc.).
- \* Appropriately deploy staff to support the transition from school day to journey home (e.g. Safe departure duty and bus duty).

The Governors have endorsed the steps taken to prevent bullying through the use of electronic communication amongst pupils at any time during term, where that behaviour is likely to have a detrimental effect on the pupil's education at school. We raise awareness of the nature and impact of online bullying and support pupils, in an age appropriate way, to make use of the internet in a safe, responsible and respectful way. We:

- Address key themes of online behaviour and risk through PDMU and e-safety workshops and lessons, including understanding how to respond to harm and the consequences of inappropriate use.
- Participate in Anti-Bullying Week activities.
- \* Engage with key statutory and voluntary sector agencies (e.g. C2k, PSNI, Public Health Agency, Safeguarding Board for NI e-Safety Forum) to support the promotion of key messages.
- Participate in annual Safer Internet Day and promotion of key messages throughout the year.
- Develop and implement robust and appropriate policies in related areas (e.g. Acceptable Use of the Internet Policy, Filtering and Blocking Policy, Mobile Phone Policy, E-Safety Policy, etc.)

#### Section 7 - Responsibility

Everyone has responsibility for creating a safe and supportive learning environment for all members of the school community. Everyone in the school community, including pupils, their parents/carers and the staff of the school are expected to respect the rights of others to be safe.

Everyone has the responsibility to work together to:

- \* Foster positive self-esteem.
- \* Behave towards others in a mutually respectful way.
- \* Model high standards of personal pro-social behaviour.
- \* Be alert to signs of distress and other possible indications of bullying behaviour.
- Inform the school of any concerns relating to bullying behaviour.
- Refrain from becoming involved in any kind of bullying behaviour, even at the risk of incurring temporary unpopularity.
- \* Refrain from retaliating to any form of bullying behaviour.
- \* Intervene to support any person who is being bullied, unless it is unsafe to do so.

- Report any concerns or instances of bullying behaviour witnessed or suspected, to a member of staff.
- Emphasise the importance of seeking help from a trusted adult about bullying behaviour when it happens or is observed.
- \* Explain the implications of allowing the bullying behaviour to continue unchecked, for themselves and/or others.
- Listen sensitively to anyone who has been bullied, take what is said seriously and provide reassurance that appropriate action will be taken.
- \* Know how to seek support internal and external for e.g. referring to pupils to appropriate adults within the school such as class teacher or designated teacher for child protection.
- Resolve difficulties in restorative ways to prevent recurring bullying behaviour and meet the needs of all parties.

#### Section 8 - Reporting a Bullying Concern

Staff are expected to respond to bullying behaviour promptly and effectively, in an assertive and confident manner, with an expectation of change being achieved through implementing the procedures set out in the Positive Behaviour & Anti-Bullying Policies.

#### Pupils Reporting a Concern

Where children and young people have a concern about a potential bullying situation, they are encouraged to discuss this with a member of staff that they trust. All staff are aware that pupils are encouraged to raise concerns with any member of staff, including teaching and non-teaching staff.

Pupils can report bullying concerns by:

- Verbally- talking to a member of staff.
- By writing a note to a member of staff. (e.g. in a homework diary)
- By posting a comment in a 'worry box.'

ANY pupil can raise a concern about bullying behaviour, not just the pupil who is experiencing this behaviour. Through the preventative work taken forward under Section 6, our message will focus on 'getting help' rather than 'telling'. As such, all pupils will be encouraged to 'get help' if they have a concern about bullying that they experience or is experienced by another.

## Parents/Carers Reporting a Concern

Parents and carers have a responsibility to raise concerns about alleged bullying behaviour with the school at the earliest opportunity. Parents/carers need to encourage their children to react appropriately to bullying behaviour and not to do anything to retaliate or to 'hit back'.

#### The Complaints Procedure

Should a parent/carer wish to raise a concern/complaint about the schools' perceived failure to deal effectively with alleged incidents the following procedures should be followed:

- \* In the first instance, all bullying concerns should be reported to the Class Teacher who will inform the Principal at the earliest opportunity.
- Where the parent is not satisfied that appropriate action has been taken to prevent further incidents, or where further incidents have taken place, the concern should be reported to the Principal.
- Where the parent is not satisfied that appropriate action has been taken the concern can be reported to the Chair of the Board of Governors in line with the school's Compliments and Complaints Policy. See appendix A which includes a final step of referral to the NI ombudsman.

While the majority of reports of bullying concerns will come from pupils and their parents/carers, we are open to receiving such reports from anyone.

All reports of bullying concerns received from pupils and/or parents/carers will be responded to in line with this policy and feedback will be made to the person who made the report. No information about action taken in relation to a pupil can be disclosed to anyone other than the pupil and his/her parents/carers.

#### Section 9 - Responding to a Bullying Concern

The processes outlined below provides a framework for how our school will respond to any bullying concerns identified. Using the NIABF Effective Responses to Bullying Behaviour resource, the members of staff responsible shall...

#### In Part 1 of the BCAF

- Clarify facts and perceptions.
- Check records held by the Principal.
- Assess the incident against the criteria for bullying behaviour.
- If all the criteria has been met and the bullying has occurred, then the remaining parts of the form are completed and the Anti Bullying policy implemented.

In Part 2 of the BCAF

- \* Identify any themes or motivating factors.
- Identify the type of bullying behaviour being displayed.

#### In Part 3a and 3b of the BCAF

- Select and implement appropriate interventions for all pupils involved, including appropriate interventions, consequences and sanctions.
- Track, monitor and record effectiveness of interventions.

#### In Part 4 of the BCAF

- \* Review outcome of interventions.
- \* Select and implement further intentions as necessary.

NIABF advocates a restorative approach to responding to bullying behaviour. Interventions suggested in the Effective Responses to Bullying Behaviour resource focus on responding to the behaviour, resolving the concern and restoring the wellbeing of those involved. This is the approach taken in our school.

When responding to a bullying concern, school staff shall implement interventions aimed at responding to the behaviour, resolving the concern and restoring the wellbeing of those involved. Where appropriate, school staff may implement sanctions for those displaying bullying behaviour in line with the positive behaviour policy.

If on the basis of the information gathered THE CRITERIA FOR BULLYING BEHAVIOUR HAS NOT BEEN MET socially unacceptable behaviours will be dealt under the school's Positive Behaviour Policy and addressed as appropriate, through the SEN Code of Practice & details recorded in line with school policy.

If on the basis of the information gathered THE CRITERIA FOR BULLYING BEHAVIOUR HAS BEEN MET the following process/procedures will be implemented:

The Code of Practice is used to develop agreed Action Plans for BOTH targeted pupil/s AND pupil/s displaying bullying behaviours or Support details of interventions are recorded on the Bullying Concern Assessment Form (Part 3a and 3b).

Both sets of parents will be informed by the Principal.

The class teacher and Principal may access immediate advice through the EA TASH helpline.

#### SUPPORT PROVISIONS

Support for targeted pupil/s experiencing bullying behaviour may involve:

- Discussing and agreeing a tailored Code of Practice action plan which would involve pupil/s in: identifying SMARTE (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Timely and Evidence Based) target/s; relevant success criteria, outcomes and assessment procedures.
- Keeping a record of the agreed action plan in Part 3a of the BCAF.
- Ongoing dialogue to ensure that the strategies identified and agreed would, when implemented, result for example in: greater resilience; development of new coping skills & the promotion of positive restorative relationships see interventions contained in NIABF's "Effective responses to bullying behaviour", Pgs. 16-19 and following; for strategies see DE SEN Resource File, "Understanding and Managing Social, Emotional, Behavioural Difficulties" Pgs. 272-279.
- Copies of the agreed plan being shared with key partners to ensure for example- clarity of roles and understanding of specific strategies.
- Staff and pupils together tracking and monitoring progress to ensure the efficacy of the intervention is maintained and kept under review.
- Collecting data to evaluate the efficacy of the intervention by considering the following: were
  appropriate targets identified; did the strategies prove effective; were strategies
  consistently implemented by staff and pupils; was the success criteria clear; was the success
  criteria met etc.?
- Keeping staff and pupil-self-assessment records <u>progress being regularly reviewed and updated in the BCAF and outcomes shared with key partners BCAF Part 4.</u>

#### Support for pupil/s displaying bullying behaviour may involve:

- Discussing and agreeing a tailored Code of Practice action plan which would involve pupil/s in: SMART target/s, success criteria, outcomes and assessment procedures see BCAF Part 3.
- Keeping a record of the agreed plan in Part 3b of the BCAF.
- Ongoing dialogue to ensure that the interventions/strategies identified and agreed would, when implemented, result for example in: reduction/removal of unacceptable bullying behaviour/s; an enhanced ability to empathise and the restoration of relationships see interventions contained in NIABF's "Effective responses to bullying behaviour", Pgs. 16-19 and following; for strategies see DE SEN Resource File, "Understanding and Managing Social, Emotional and Behavioural Difficulties" Pgs. 272-279 and updated SEN file has advice on nurture and trauma sensitive responses.
- Copies of the agreed plan being shared with key partners to ensure for example clarity of roles and understanding of specific strategies.
- <u>Staff and pupils together</u> tracking and monitoring progress to ensure the efficacy of the intervention is maintained and kept under review.
- Collecting data to evaluate the efficacy of the intervention by considering the following: were
  appropriate targets identified; did the strategies prove effective; were strategies
  consistently implemented by staff and pupils; was the success criteria clear; was the success
  criteria met etc.?
- Keeping staff and pupil-self-assessment records.

• <u>Progress being regularly reviewed and updated in the BCAF and outcomes shared with key</u> partners BCAF Part 4.

Follow-up procedures will include one or more of the following as appropriate:

- Report back promptly to parents/carers informing them fully of actions taken/to be taken and outcomes achieved.
- Provide regular opportunities for post-incident learning (debriefing sessions) for both target/s and pupil/s displaying bullying behaviour e.g. using Worth a Rethink (Pg22); Think Time Discussion Sheet (Pg24-27). Effective Responses to Bullying Behaviour NIABF.
- Acknowledge, affirm and celebrate success.

#### In addition,

- We respond to the parents as soon as possible and agree a suitable time frame to allow for an investigation into any claims.
- If the criteria for bullying has been met, the pastoral, safeguarding and SEN team would all be involved in the development of action plans and risk reduction plans.
- Information will be gathered and recorded by the class teacher and the principal. The records will be kept by the principal when they have been collated in an evidence file.
- Where support interventions by the school have failed, the school will immediately consider support from external advisors such as Education and Welfare Service, Behaviour Support and Provisions, Educational Psychology, Autism Advisory & Intervention Service, Child Protection Support Services, Child & Adolescent Mental Health Service, Department of Health and Social Services and CCMS.

Any action taken regarding a pupil cannot be disclosed to anyone other than that pupil and his/her parents/carers.

#### Section 10 - Recording

As set out in the Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (NI) 2016, we have a legal requirement to maintain a record of all incidents of bullying and alleged bullying behaviour.

These records will be maintained and kept by the Principal with a view to ensuring that all allegations have been appropriately recorded and addressed and for the purposes of monitoring the success of interventions and having evidence of any repeated behaviour.

Each report of bullying concern will include:

- How the bullying behaviour was displayed? (the method)
- \* The motivation for the behaviour. (See earlier section on motivations)
- \* How each incident was addressed by the school?
- The outcome of the interventions employed.

Records will be kept in a central file in the Principal's office along with securely held Child Protection information. Access to these records will be restricted and only provided to those members of school staff with a legitimate need to have access.

All records will be maintained in line with relevant data protection legislation and guidance and will be disposed of in line with the School's Retention and Disposal of Documents Policy. Collated information regarding incidents of bullying and alleged bullying behaviour will be used to inform the future development of anti-bullying policy and practice within the school.

#### Section 11 - Professional Development of Staff

We recognise the need for appropriate and adequate training for staff, including teaching and non-teaching school staff:

- \* We are committed to ensuring that staff are provided with appropriate opportunities for professional development as part of the school's ongoing CPD/PRSD provisions.
- \* We note the impact of the training given on both the policy and its procedures e.g. any amendments made, inclusions added etc.
- We ensure that opportunities for safeguarding training are afforded to Governors and all staff - teaching and non-teaching.
- CPD records are kept and updated annually.

#### Section 12 - Monitoring and Review of Policy

It is the responsibility of the Board of Governors, in liaison with the Principal, to monitor the effectiveness of the Anti-Bullying Policy.

To appropriately monitor the effectiveness of the preventative measures and Anti-Bullying Policy, the Board of Governors will:

- \* Maintain a standing item on the agenda of each meeting of the Board under Child Protection and Safeguarding, where a report on recorded incidents of bullying will be noted together with any notification of complaints submitted by parents/carers.
- Consult with pupils and parents regarding the effectiveness of the measures introduced e.g. preventing bullying travelling to and from school; preventing bullying involving electronic communication having a detrimental effect on a pupil's education and on the extent and effectiveness of pupil participation.
- \* Identify trends and priorities for action e.g. in the School Development Plan.
- \* Assess the effectiveness of strategies aimed at preventing bullying behaviour.
- \* Assess the effectiveness of strategies aimed at responding to bullying behaviour.

It is a legal requirement that the preventative measures and the Anti-Bullying Policy be reviewed at intervals of no more than four years. The policy will be reviewed following any incident which highlights the need for such a review. It will also be reviewed when directed to by the Department of Education and in light of new guidance.

This Anti-Bullying Policy shall be reviewed as required, in consultation with pupils and their parents/carers, on or before February 2025.

#### Section 12 - Links to Other Safeguarding Policies

In the development and implementation of this Anti-Bullying Policy, the Board of Governors has been mindful of related policies, including:

- \* Positive Behaviour Policy
- \* Pastoral Care Policy
- \* Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- \* Special Educational Needs and Inclusion Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- \* Relationships and Sexuality Education
- \* E-Safety Policy & Acceptable Use of Internet Policy
- \* Mobile Phone Policy
- \* Educational Visits
- \* Staff Code of Conduct

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Pupils Involved	Role	Incident Date	Gender	DOB	Year and Reg
	-				4

Incident		Comments		
Bullying Concern	-6	17	IF.	

#### PART 1 - Assessment of Concern

Date:

Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 defines bullying as follows:

"bullying" includes (but is not limited to) the repeated use of -

- (a) any verbal, written or electronic communication
- (b) any other act, or
- (c) any combination of those,

by a pupil or a group of pupils against another pupil or group of pupils, with the intention of causing physical or emotional harm to that pupil or group of pupils.

÷	Name(s)	Gender	DOB/Year Group
Person(s) reporting concern			
Name of pupil(s) experiencing alleged bullying behaviour	•	•	•
Name of Pupil(s) demonstrating alleged bullying behaviour			

Check records for previously recorded incidents

Date	Information gath	ered		Lo	cation (stored)
				•	
	*		•		

Socially unacceptable behaviour becomes bullying behaviour when, on the basis gathered, the criteria listed below have been met:	
The school will treat any incident which meets these criteria as bullying beh	aviours.
Is the behaviour intentional?	YES / NO
Is the behaviour targeted at a specific pupil or group of pupils?	YES / NO
Is the behaviour repeated?	YES / NO
Is the behaviour causing physical or emotional harm?	YES / NO
	***
Does the behaviour involve omission? (*may not always be present)	YES / NO

# One-off Incident

When determining whether a one-off incident may take into consideration the following criteria and u guide the decision making process:	be classified se the inforn	d as bullying, the school shall nation gathered to inform and
Criteria:		Information gathered:
severity and significance of the incident		g
evidence of pre-meditation		
Significant level of physical/emotional impact on ir		
Significant level of impact on wider school commu	nity	
Status/nature of previous relationships between th	ose	
involved		
Records exist of previous incidents involving the i	ndividuals	
YES the above criteria have been met and	NO the abo	ove criterial have not been met
bullying behaviour has occurred.	and bullyin	g behaviour has not occurred.
The criteria having been met, proceed to complete Part 2 of this Bullying Concern Assessment Form	record the d section of the Module. Re Policy of you	having not been met, proceed to letails in the Behaviour Incident his Behaviour Management offer to the Positive Behaviour ur school, continue to track and ensure the behaviour does not
Agreed by  Status On//		×

# PART 2

2:1 Who was targeted by this beh	aviour?	
Select one or more of the following:		
☐ Individual to individual 1:1☐ Group to group	☐ Individual to group	☐ Group to individual

2.2	In what way did the bullying behaviour present?
Sele	ect one or more of the following:
prop	Physical (includes for example, jostling, physical intimidation, interfering with personal perty,
	punching/kicking
	Any other physical contact which may include use of weapons)
	Verbal (includes name calling, insults, jokes, threats, spreading rumours)
	Indirect (includes omission, isolation, refusal to work with/talk to/play with/help others)
	Electronic (through technology such as mobile phones and internet)
	Written
	Other Acts
	Please specify:
	Motivation (underlying themes): this is not a definitive list ect one or more of the following:
	Age
· *	Appearance
	Cultural
	Religion
	Political Affiliation
	Community background
	Gender Identity
	Sexual Orientation
	Family Circumstance (pregnancy, marital status, young carer status)
	Looked After Status (LAC)

x 50

1	
	Other
	Not known
	Race
	Pregnancy
	Ability
	Disability (related to perceived or actual disability)
	Peer Relationship Breakdown

RECOR	D OF SUPPORT A	RECORD OF SUPPORT AND INTERVENTIONS		FOR PUPIL EXPERIENCING BULLYING BEHAVIOUR:	JR:	
Pupil Name:	ame:		Year Group/Class:	Class:		
REFER TO SC BEHAVIOUR.	TO SCHOOL ANT. TOUR.	I-BULLYING POLICY AI	ND TO LEVEL 1-4 INTERN	REFER TO SCHOOL ANTI-BULLYING POLICY AND TO LEVEL 1-4 INTERVENTIONS IN EFFECTIVE RESPONSES TO BULLYING BEHAVIOUR.	RESPONSES TO BULL	JNIV6
Parent,	Parent/ carer informed:	2		Date:	Δ.	By whom:
Staff ]	Staff Involved:					
Date	Stage on Code of Practice	Intervention	Success Criteria	Action taken by whom and when	Outcomes of Intervention	Review
					d.	

Record of participation in planning for interventions	
Pupil:	_
Parent/carer:	
Other Agencies:	
Part 3b interventions until an agreed satisfactory outcome has been achieved	l .
RECORD OF SUPPORT AND INTERVENTIONS FOR PUPIL DISPLAYING BULLYING BEHAVIOUR:	
Pupil Name:	
REFER TO SCHOOL ANTI-BULLYING POLICY AND TO LEVEL 1-4 INTERVENTIONS IN EFFECTIVE RESPONSES TO BULLYING BEHAVIOUR	
Parent/ carer informed: By whom:	
Staff Involved:	

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8 6.

Continue to track interventions until an agreed satisfactory outcome has been achieved.

Date of Review Meeting:	
4a- Following the Review Meeting, to what extent have the success criteria been	met?
1 - Fully	
2 - Partially	
3 - Further intervention/support required	
Give details:	
Part 4b- If the success criteria have not been met, continue to:	
Re-assess Level of Interventions and implement other strategies from an	
appropriate level	
Track, monitor and review the outcomes of further intervention	
Keep under review the Stage of Code of Practice each pupil is on	
Follow Safeguarding Policy	
Seek multi-agency input (EA, Health and Social Services etc.)	
Engage with Board of Governors	
Agreed by:	
School	Signed:
	Date:
Parent	Signed:
	Date:
Pupil	Signed:
	Date:
	Date: